Which statement is a valid invocation of a method with and int and float parameter?

A. myMethod(int i = 12, float f = 2.3);
B. myMethod(int 12, (float) 2.3f);
C. myMethod(int i, float f);
D. myMethod(int, float);
E. myMethod(12.0, 2.3f);

Which line of code uses the integer return value from the method correctly?

A. System.out.println(calculateInteger());
B. int myInteger = calculateInteger();
C. double myDouble = (5.0 * calculateInteger()) / 0.12345;
D. double myDouble = Math.max(calculateInteger(), 1234);
E. All of the above

What are the limitations of single return value from a method?

A. A single primitive (byte, int, float, double, char, boolean, ...)
B. A single primitive or an array of primitives
C. A single class, (String, Scanner, ...)
D. A single class or an array of classes
E. All of the above
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