



Peer Instruction #3: C Programming and Transistors



Is the following code legal in C, Java,
both languages or neither language?

```
double circleArea(double radius) {  
    return (3.14159 * radius * radius);  
}
```

- A. C
- B. Java
- C. Both
- D. Neither



What does the C code shown below print to the console?

```
int i0 = 256;  
double d0 = 34.5678910;  
printf(  
    "%d, 0x%04x, %.3f\n",  
    i0, i0, d0  
);
```

- A. 256, 0x0100, 4.568
- B. 256, 0x0100, 34.568
- C. 256, 0x100, 4.568
- D. 256, 0x100, 34.568
- E. Will not compile

printf Formatters



What does the C code shown below print to the console?

```
int i = 1234;  
int *p = &i;  
printf("%d\n", *p);
```

- A. value of i
- B. address of i
- C. value of p
- D. address of p
- E. Will not compile



What does the C code shown below print to the console?

```
int i= 0x1234;  
int mask = 0x0F0F;  
printf("%x, ", i & mask);  
printf("%x", , i | mask);  
printf("%x\n", ~mask & 0xffff);
```

- A. 204, 1f3f, f0f0
- B. 1030, ffff, f0f0
- C. 1f3f, 1234, edcb
- D. 204, f2f4, edcb
- E. None of the above



Which C statement checks the value of the integer and returns a true (nonzero) if bit 8 is set and false (zero) otherwise?

```
int i = 0x5678;
```

- 1) return (i & 0x0100);
- 2) return ((i >> 8) & 1);
- 3) return (i & (1 << 8));
- 4) return (i & 256);

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. All of the above

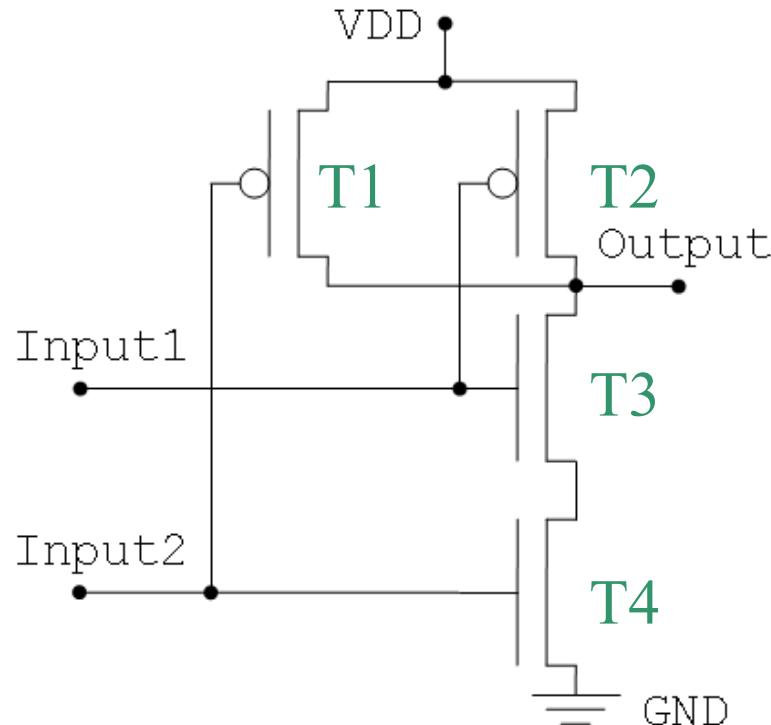


Is a p-type transistor closed or open when there is voltage applied to the gate? What about an n-type transistor?

- A. closed, closed
- B. open, open
- C. open, closed
- D. closed, open
- E. Depends on whether the transistor is attached to power or ground.



Which list shows the correct status of each transistor (T1,T2,T3,T4) and the Output, when Input1 = 1 and Input2 = 0?

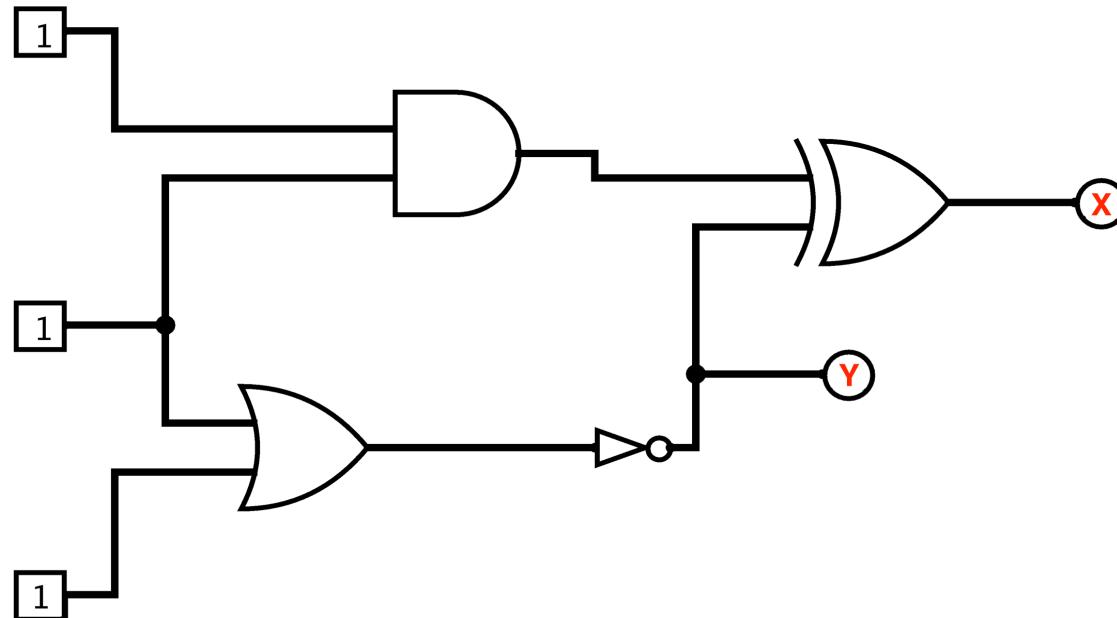


- A. closed,open,closed,open,0
- B. closed,open,closed,open,1
- C. closed,closed,open,open,1
- D. open,open,closed,closed,0
- E. None of the above

Gates



What are the outputs X, Y in the combinational logic circuit below, given the inputs shown.



- A. 0, 0
- B. 0, 1
- C. 1, 0
- D. 1, 1
- E. None of the above

Combinational Logic