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# Introduction to Computing Systems: From Bits and Gates to C and Beyond 2nd Edition

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Original slides from Gregory Byrd, North Carolina State University

Modified slides by Chris Wilcox, Colorado State University



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#### **Lecture Goals**

- Review course logistics
  - Assignments
  - Policies
  - Organization
  - Grading Criteria
- Introduce key concepts
  - Role of Abstraction
  - Software versus Hardware
  - Universal Computing Devices
  - Layered Model of Computing

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# Logistics

- Lectures: Tue and Thu from 9:30-10:45am in Glover 130
- Recitations (COMSC 225)
  - Tue 1:00-1:50pm, Chris Wilcox
  - Wed 10:00-10:50am, Fereydoon Vafaei
  - Wed 11:00-11:50am, Ferydoon Vafaie
  - Fri. 11:00-11:50am, Awad Younis
- Lab Hours: To Be Announced
- Materials on the website and RamCT:
  - http://www.cs.colostate.edu/~cs270
  - http://ramct.colostate.edu

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#### Assignments

Assignments and quizzes are posted on RamCT:

- Weekly assignments (mostly) alternate between written and programming assignments
- Homework assignments are due in hardcopy on original handout on Thu. at 10:00pm
- Programming assignments are submitted in electronic form Thu. at 10:00pm
- Late submission for both is Fri. at 11:59pm, under my office door (COMSC 256)

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#### **Policies**

- Grading Criteria
  - Assignments (40%)
  - Recitations (10%)
  - Peer Instruction (5%)
  - Midterm Exam (20%)
  - Final Exam (25%)
- Late Policy
  - On-time = full points, up to 24 hours = 20% penalty
- Academic Integrity
  - http://www.cs.colostate.edu/~info/student-info.html
  - Do your own work
  - Be smart about Internet resources

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### Organization

- 1/3 computer hardware: numbers and bits, transistors, gates, digital logic, state machines, von Neumann model, instruction sets. LC-3 architecture
- 1/3 assembly code: instruction formats, branching and control, LC-3 programming, subroutines, memory model (stack)
- 1/3 C programming: data types, language syntax, variables and operators, control structures, functions, pointers and arrays, memory model, recursion, I/O, data structures

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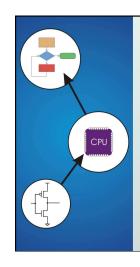
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# **Grading Criteria**

How to be successful in this class:

- 1) Attend all classes and recitations, info will presented that you can't get anywhere else.
- 2) Do all the homework assignments, ask questions (early!) if you run into trouble.
- 3) Take advantage of lab sessions where help is available from instructors.
- 4) Read the textbook, work through the end of chapter problems.

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Chapter 1
Welcome
Aboard

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## Introduction to the World of Computing

- Computer: electronic genius?
  - NO! Electronic idiot!
  - Does exactly what we tell it to, nothing more.
- Goal of the course:
  - You will be able to write programs in C and understand what's going on underneath.
- Approach:
  - Build understanding from the bottom up.
  - Bits ⇒ Transistors ⇒ Gates ⇒ Logic ⇒ Processor ⇒
     Instructions ⇒ Assembly Code ⇒ C Programming

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#### Two Recurring Themes

#### Abstraction

Productivity enhancer – don't need to worry about details...

Can drive a car without knowing how the internal combustion engine works.

...until something goes wrong!

Where's the dipstick? What's a spark plug?

 Important to understand the components and how they work together.

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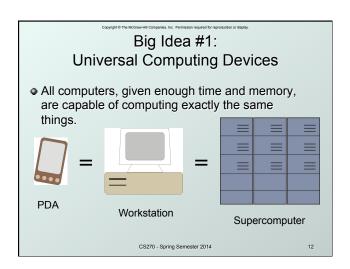
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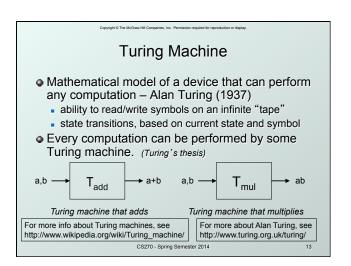
# Two Recurring Themes

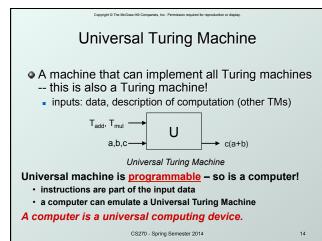
#### Hardware vs. Software

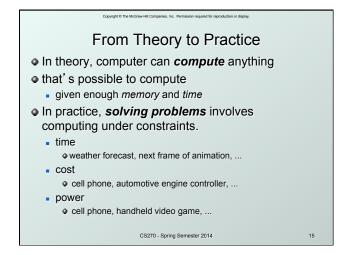
- It's not either/or both are components of a computer system that cooperate.
- Even if you specialize in one, you should understand capabilities and limitations of both.
- The best programmers understand the computer systems which run their programs.
- Computers are an entire ecosystem with multiple levels of abstraction.

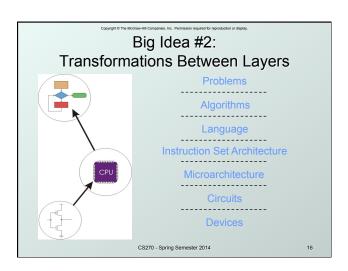
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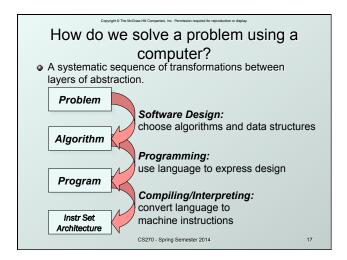


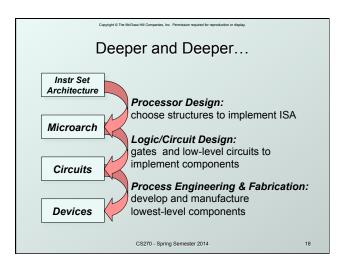












Descriptions of Each Level

Problem Statement

stated using "natural language"

may be ambiguous, imprecise

Algorithm

step-by-step procedure, guaranteed to finish
definiteness, effective computability, finiteness

Program

express the algorithm using a computer language
high-level language, low-level language
Instruction Set Architecture (ISA)
specifies the set of instructions the computer can perform
data types, addressing mode

Descriptions of Each Level (cont.)

Microarchitecture
detailed organization of a processor implementation different implementations of a single ISA

Logic Circuits
combine basic operations to realize microarchitecture many different ways to implement a single function (e.g., addition)

Devices
properties of materials, manufacturability

