

# Study guide for CS165 first midterm exam

## 1) Testing

- a. Software Testing
- b. Test Driven Development
- c. Black Box Testing
- d. Unit Testing
- e. JUnit assertions
- f. White Box Testing
- g. Coverage Testing

## 2) Recursion

- a. Activation Stack model for recursion
- b. **Counting recursive calls, Drawing recursive calls trees**
- c. Helper methods
- d. Memoization
- e. Examples: Fibonacci, Hanoi, Parking Lot, Spock's dilemma

## 3) Classes & Objects

- a. Classes versus Objects
- b. Class variables (static)
- c. Instance variable (non-static)
- d. Dot operator for data and method access
- e. Class and Instance methods
- f. Scoping of variables
- g. Instantiating an object from a class
- h. Class constructors
- i. Object references
- j. public versus private data and methods
- k. Getter and Setter methods
- l. Arrays / ArrayLists of objects
- m. **this** keyword (as reference to current object and as constructor)

## 4) Inheritance

- a. Terminology
  - ✓ Superclass versus Subclass
  - ✓ Base class versus Derived class
  - ✓ Parent class versus Child class
- b. **extends** keyword
- c. default constructor
- d. no-arg constructor
- e. **super** keyword (for constructor and superclass methods)

- f. Constructor chaining
- g. **Overriding** methods
- h. **Overloading** methods
- i. Polymorphism and casting
- j. Dynamic binding
- k. **instanceof** operator
- l. **equals** and **toString** methods
- m. Access modifiers: **private**, default, **protected**, **public**
- n. **final** keyword

## 5) Abstract Classes

- a. Abstract Methods vs. Concrete Methods (differences)
- b. Sharing code using concrete methods in abstract class
- c. Differentiating code in concrete subclasses by overriding abstract methods
- d. **extends** keyword
- e. **super** keyword

## 6) Interfaces

- a. Only contains abstract methods
- b. Cannot contain concrete methods
- c. **implements** keyword
- d. **extends** keyword
- e. Methods only, no class or instance data
- f. Constants sometimes included
- g. Method return type and Signature (method name and parameters with types)
- h. Arrays and ArrayLists of interface types can store any class that implements the interface
- i. Comparable

## 7) Generics

- a. Generic types
- b. Raw types and compile time warnings
- c. Runtime errors when using raw types
- d. Compile time error messages using Generics
- e. Declaring Generic classes
- f. Declaring Generic methods
- g. Bounded generic (E Extends Type)