

CS314 Software Engineering Sprint 5 - Release!

Dave Matthews



Sprint 5 Summary

- Use Level 2 and 3 software engineering processes/tools
 - Clean Code, Coverage, White Box Testing, Code Climate
- Learn about Inspections and Peer Review
- Learn some additional technologies
 - 3 opt
 - cookies
 - concurrency
- Get ready for release!

Build process maturity to level 3

Maturity	Organization	Project	Engineering	Support
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Organizational Performance Management 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Causal Analysis and Resolution
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Organizational Process Performance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quantitative Project Management 		
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Organizational Process Definition Organizational Process Focus Organizational Training 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Integrated Project Management Risk Management 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Requirements Development Technical Solution Product Integration Verification Validation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decision Analysis and Resolution
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Scrum, Zenhub 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Requirements Management Project Planning Project Monitoring and Control Supplier Agreement Management 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> GitHub, Maven, Travis, WebPack Scrum 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Configuration Management Process and Product Quality Assurance Measurement and Analysis

Internship Plan

Sprint	Processes	Tools	Technology	TripCo Epics
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Configuration Management Project Management Scrum, Planning Poker 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> GitHub, ZenHub CodePen Unix 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bootstrap 4 HTML JavaScript ReactJS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make a mobile resume Calculate geographic distances
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continuous Integration Test Driven Development Black Box Testing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maven, Travis-CI Webpack, Node.js JUnit, IntelliJ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Java Spark REST API/HTTP JSON, SVG 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accept destination file Show map and itinerary
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clean Code Code Coverage White Box Testing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Code Climate Emma, Jacoco, ... 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> nearest neighbor SQL Select 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plan shorter trips Modify destination list Show useful information
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> System Testing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Jest 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 opt SQL joins KML 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plan shorter trips Worldwide Interactive map
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Peer Reviews Inspections Metrics 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Concurrency 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plan shorter trips Plan trips faster Finalize your resume

Sprint 5 Epic priorities

- TFFI updates (query limit, ...)
- Interop
- Optimization (none, NN, 2-opt, 3-opt)
- Staff page
- Saved options (client side cookies)
- System Testing
- Branding and improved user experience
- View trip in other tools
- Concurrency

TFFI - query

- Client indicates the maximum number of responses to a query request.

```
"limit":100
```

```
"limit":0          (return all results)
```

- If not specified in the query, the server is free to choose it's own default for limit.
- 100 vs "100" - integer or string?

Interop

- Allow client configuration of server hostname and port
 - HTTP header to allow mixed client/server
 - SP5 Deploy1
- Each student will be assigned another team to test interoperability and user experience
 - test your client to their server
 - test their client to your server
 - provide an interop report, resolve issues
 - provide a user experience report

Traveling Salesman Problem

- Find the shortest hamiltonian cycle in a graph.
 - $O(n!)$
 - heuristic algorithms gain speed at cost of tour quality
 - construction + improvement
- Construction
 - Nearest Neighbor, cheapest link, ...
- Improvement
 - 2-opt, 3-opt, k-opt, LK, tabu, SA, GA, ...

264,376 km with 3-opt



3-opt

```

improvement = true
while improvement {
  improvement = false
  for (i = 0; i < n-2; i++) {
    for (j = i + 1; j < n-1; j++) {
      for (k = j + 1; k < n-0; k++) {
        int currentDistance = distance0(route, i, j, k); // current trip
        if (distance1(route, i, j, k) < currentDistance) { // case 1
          exchange1(route, i, j, k);
          improvement = true;
          continue;
        }
        // repeat for cases 2 to 7
      }
    }
  }
}

```

3-opt inversions and swaps

route	23	15	3	9	7	...	21	11	5	4	23
index	0	1	2	3	4	...	n-4	n-3	n-2	n-1	n

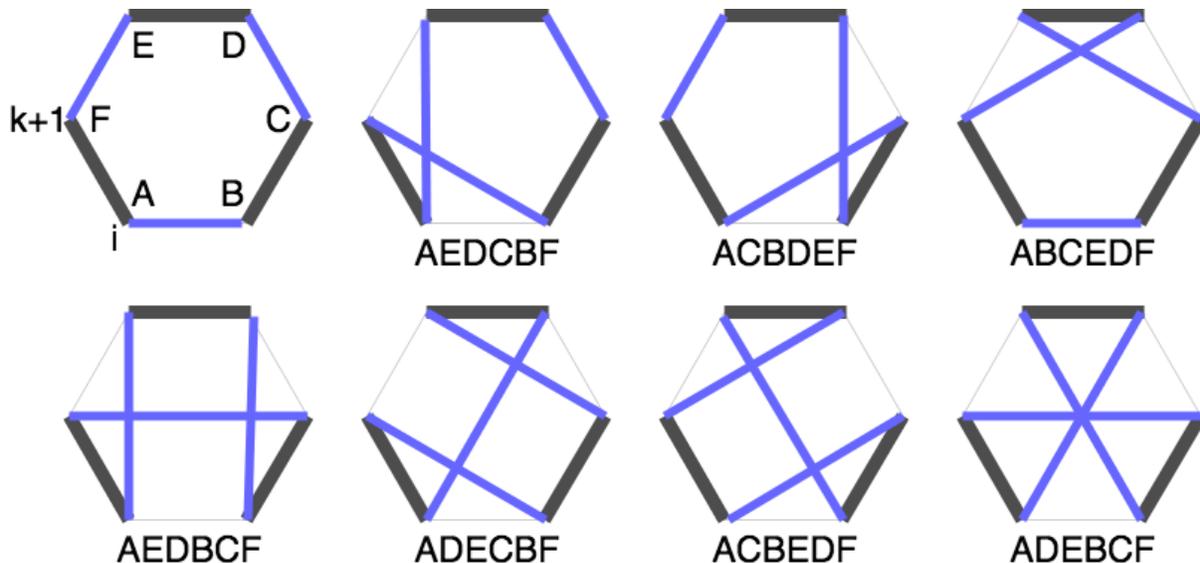
i $i+1$ j $j+1$ k $k+1$

i $i+1$ j $j+1$ k $k+1$

i $i+1$... j $j+1$... k $k+1$

$0 \leq i < i+1 \leq j < j+1 \leq k < k+1 \leq n$

3-opt cases (including 2 opt)



3-opt inversions, swaps, first/best

original	i	i+1 >> j	j+1 >> k	k+1
2-opt 1X	i	k << j+1	j << i+1	k+1
2-opt 1X	i	j << i+1	j+1 >> k	k+1
2-opt 1X	i	i+1 >> j	k << j+1	k+1
3-opt 2X	i	j << i+1	k << j+1	k+1
3-opt 2X	i	k << j+1	i+1 >> j	k+1
3-opt 2X	i	j+1 >> k	j << i+1	k+1
3-opt 3X	i	j+1 >> k	i+1 >> j	k+1
distance		d(i, ?)	+ d(?, ?)	+ d(?, k+1)

View trip in other tools

- Write a KML file from the client
 - generated by server or locally
- Viewable in Google Earth
 - Web (required)
 - Pro (recommended)

Faster computation - java.util.concurrent

- Opportunities for concurrency
- Callable
- ExecutorService
 - invokeAll
 - shutdown
- Executors
 - newFixedThreadPool
- Future

Concurrency example

```
class Coin implements Callable<Integer> {
    private int flips;
    private long seed;

    Coin(int f, int s ) {
        flips = f;
        seed = s;
    }

    public Integer call() {
        int heads = 0;
        Random random = new Random(seed + System.currentTimeMillis());
        for (int i = 0; i < flips; i++)
            if ((random.nextInt() % 2) != 0) heads++; // 1 or -1
        System.out.printf("Sample: %5d = %d\n", seed, heads);
        return heads;
    }
}
```

```

class MonteCarlo {

    private final static int coins = 10;
    private final static int flips = 100;

    public static void main(String[] argv) {
        long total = 0;
        try {
            // create threads
            Set<Callable<Integer>> threads = new HashSet<>();
            for (int i = 0; i < coins; i++)
                threads.add(new Coin(flips, i));

            // execute threads
            int cores = Runtime.getRuntime().availableProcessors();
            ExecutorService executorService = Executors.newFixedThreadPool(cores);
            List<Future<Integer>> results = executorService.invokeAll(threads);
            executorService.shutdown();

            // sum thread results for mean
            for (Future<Integer> result : results)
                total += result.get();
        } catch (Exception e) { }
        System.out.println("Mean:          "+(double)total/coins);
    }
}

```

